COLE & WILSON GENTLE CARE DETERGENTS

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Sultraspot Color

According to Appendix D, OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR §1910.1200

1. Identification		
Product identifier		
Product name	Sultraspot Color	
Product number	7866/21474	
Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use		
Application	Detergent.	
Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet		
Supplier	Cole & Wilson, LLC 100 Laurel Street, Ste 120 East Bridgewater, MA 02375 Tel: +1 281 231 2805 Fax: + 1 617 687 5888 info.usa@christeyns.com	
Manufacturer	Cole & Wilson Ltd Nabbs Lane Chemical Works Nabbs Lane Slaithwaite Huddersfield HD7 5AT Tel: 01484 842353 info@coleandwilson.com	
Emergency telephone number		
Emergency telephone	 (DE) Giftnotruf Berlin +49 30 19240 (24h erreichbar) (DE) Giftnotruf Berlin +49 (0)30 30686 790 (CH) STIZ, tel. 145 (CH) Centre suisse d'information toxicologique: +41.(0)1.251.51.51 (AT) Vergiftungsinformationszentrale: +43 1 40 400 2222 worldwide: http://www.who.int/ipcs/poisons/centre/directory/en (FR) INRS 01 45 42 59 59 (FI) Myrkytystietokeskus +358 9 471 977 (BE) Belgisch Antigifcentrum/Centre Antipoisons Belge : +32 70 245 245 (ES) Teléfono Instituto Nacional de Toxicología: 915 620 420 (GB) NHS 111 (IT) Centro Antiveleni, Ospedale Niguarda Milano: +39 02 6610 1029 	
National emergency telephone number	e +1-800-424-9300 (Chemtrec)	

2. Hazard(s) identification

Classification of the substance or mixture

Not Classified

Health hazards	Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 Eye Dam. 1 - H318	
Environmental hazards	Not Classified	
Label elements		
Pictogram		
The second secon		
Signal word	Danger	
Hazard statements	H315 Causes skin irritation. H318 Causes serious eye damage.	
Precautionary statements	P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection. P302+P352 If on skin: Wash with plenty of water. P305+P351+P338 If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove con lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.	itact
Contains	C9-11 ALCOHOL ETHOXYLATE (6.5 EO)	
3. Composition/information o	n ingredients	
Mixtures		
DODECYLBENZENE SULPHONIC ACID - 5-15% ISOPROPYLAMINE SALT		
CAS number: 84961-74-0		
Classification Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 Eye Irrit. 2A - H319		
2-(2-butoxyethoxy) ethanol CAS number: 112-34-5	5-1	5%
Classification Eye Irrit. 2A - H319		
C9-11 ALCOHOL ETHOXYLATE (6.5 EO) 5-15% CAS number: 68439-46-3 5-15%		
Classification Acute Tox. 4 - H302 Eye Dam. 1 - H318		
2-HYDROXY-1,2,3-PROPANETRICARBOXYLICACID5-15%CAS number: 77-92-9		5%
Classification Eye Irrit. 2A - H319		

PROPAN-2-OL 1-5% CAS number: 67-63-0 Classification Flam. Liq. 2 - H225 Eye Irrit. 2A - H319 STOT SE 3 - H336 The full text for all hazard statements is displayed in Section 16. 4. First-aid measures Description of first aid measures Inhalation Unlikely route of exposure as the product does not contain volatile substances. Ingestion Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Do not induce vomiting. Promptly get affected person to drink large volumes of water to dilute the swallowed chemical. Give milk instead of water if readily available. Get medical attention immediately. Skin Contact Remove contaminated clothing. Rinse immediately with plenty of water. Get medical attention promptly if symptoms occur after washing. Eye contact Remove any contact lenses and open eyelids wide apart. Continue to rinse for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention immediately. Continue to rinse. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed Inhalation This is unlikely to occur but symptoms similar to those of ingestion may develop. Ingestion May cause stomach pain or vomiting. Skin contact Skin irritation. Eye contact Severe irritation, burning and tearing. Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed Notes for the doctor Treat symptomatically. If in doubt, get medical attention promptly. 5. Fire-fighting measures Extinguishing media Suitable extinguishing media Use fire-extinguishing media suitable for the surrounding fire. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture Specific hazards Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances: Oxides of the following substances: Carbon. Nitrogen. Sulfur. Hazardous combustion Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances: Oxides products of the following substances: Carbon. Nitrogen. Sulfur. Advice for firefighters Protective actions during If risk of water pollution occurs, notify appropriate authorities. Control run-off water by firefighting containing and keeping it out of sewers and watercourses. Special protective equipment Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and appropriate protective for firefighters clothing.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions	Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet.	
Environmental precautions		
Environmental precautions	Spillages or uncontrolled discharges into watercourses must be reported immediately to the Environmental Agency or other appropriate regulatory body.	
Methods and material for containment and cleaning up		
Methods for cleaning up	Absorb in vermiculite, dry sand or earth and place into containers. Flush contaminated area with plenty of water.	
Reference to other sections	Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Collect and dispose of spillage as indicated in Section 13.	
7. Handling and storage		
Precautions for safe handling		
Usage precautions	Avoid spilling. Wear suitable protective equipment for prolonged exposure and/or high concentrations of vapors, spray or mist. Avoid contact with skin and eyes.	
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities		
Storage precautions	Avoid freezing. Keep container tightly closed.	
Storage class	Chemical storage.	
Specific end uses(s)		
Specific end use(s)	The identified uses for this product are detailed in Section 1.	
8. Exposure Controls/persona	protection	

8. Exposure Controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

2-(2-butoxyethoxy) ethanol

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): ACGIH 10 ppm 67.5 mg/m³ inhalable fraction and vapor

PROPAN-2-OL

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): OSHA 400 ppm 980 mg/m³ Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): ACGIH 200 ppm 492 mg/m³ Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): ACGIH 400 ppm 984 mg/m³ A4

ACGIH = American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists. OSHA = Occupational Safety and Health Administration. A4 = Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen.

Exposure controls

Protective equipment



Appropriate engineering controls	No specific ventilation requirements.
Eye/face protection	The following protection should be worn: Chemical splash goggles.
Hand protection	Wear protective gloves made of the following material: Neoprene. Nitrile rubber. Polyethylene. Polyvinyl chloride (PVC).

Other skin and body protection	Wear appropriate clothing to prevent any possibility of skin contact.
Hygiene measures	Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
Respiratory protection	No specific recommendations. Respiratory protection must be used if the airborne contamination exceeds the recommended occupational exposure limit.

9. Physical and Chemical Properties

Information on basic physical	and chemical properties		
Appearance	Liquid.		
Color	Yellowish.		
Odor	Acidic.		
Initial boiling point and range	>100°C @ 760 mm Hg		
Relative density	1.03 @ 15°C		
Solubility(ies)	Soluble in water. Dispersible in Chlorinated Hydrocarbons		
Other information	Not determined.		
10. Stability and reactivity			
Reactivity	The following materials may react with the product: Alkalis. Oxidizing agents. Reducing agents.		
Stability	No particular stability concerns.		
Possibility of hazardous reactions	No potentially hazardous reactions known.		
Conditions to avoid	Avoid freezing.		
Materials to avoid	Alkalis. Oxidizing agents. Reducing agents.		
Hazardous decomposition products	Heating may generate the following products: Oxides of the following substances: Carbon. Nitrogen. Sulfur.		
11. Toxicological information			
Information on toxicological ef	fects		
Acute toxicity - oral			
Notes (oral LD₅o)	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.		
ATE oral (mg/kg)	3,762.5		
<u>Acute toxicity - dermal</u> Notes (dermal LD₅₀)	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.		
Acute toxicity - inhalation			
Notes (inhalation LC ₅₀)	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.		
Skin corrosion/irritation Skin corrosion/irritation	Causes skin irritation.		
Serious eye damage/irritation			

Serious eve damage/irritation	Causes serious eye damage.
Respiratory sensitization Respiratory sensitization	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Skin sensitization Skin sensitization	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Germ cell mutagenicity Genotoxicity - in vitro	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Genotoxicity - in vivo	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Carcinogenicity Carcinogenicity	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Reproductive toxicity Reproductive toxicity - fertility	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Reproductive toxicity - development	Does not contain any substances known to be toxic to reproduction.
Specific target organ toxicity -	single exposure
STOT - single exposure	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Specific target organ toxicity -	repeated exposure
STOT - repeated exposure	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Aspiration hazard Aspiration hazard	Not anticipated to present an aspiration hazard, based on chemical structure.
Inhalation	This is unlikely to occur but symptoms similar to those of ingestion may develop.
Ingestion	Ingestion may cause severe irritation of the mouth, the esophagus and the gastrointestinal tract.
Skin Contact	Irritating to skin.
Eye contact	Irritating to eyes. Symptoms following overexposure may include the following: Redness. Pain.
Acute and chronic health hazards	Repeated exposure may cause chronic eye irritation. Mild dermatitis, allergic skin rash.
Toxicological information on in	gredients.

DODECYLBENZENE SULPHONIC ACID - ISOPROPYLAMINE SALT

Acute toxicity - oral	
Acute toxicity oral (LD₅₀ mg/kg)	2,001.0
Species	Rat
ATE oral (mg/kg)	2,001.0
	C9-11 ALCOHOL ETHOXYLATE (6.5 EO)
Acute toxicity - oral	

	Acute toxicity oral (LD₅₀ mg/kg)	301.0	
	Species	Rat	
	ATE oral (mg/kg)	301.0	
		2-HYDROXY-1,2,3-PROPANETRICARBOXYLICACID	
	Acute toxicity - oral		
	Acute toxicity oral (LD₅₀ mg/kg)	5,001.0	
	Species	Rat	
	ATE oral (mg/kg)	5,001.0	
	Acute toxicity - dermal		
	Acute toxicity dermal (LD₅o mg/kg)	2,001.0	
	Species	Rat	
	ATE dermal (mg/kg)	2,001.0	
	PROPAN-2-OL		
	Acute toxicity - inhalation		
	Acute toxicity inhalation (LC50 vapours mg/l)	26.0	
	ATE inhalation (vapours mg/l)	26.0	
	Carcinogenicity		
	IARC carcinogenicity	IARC Group 3 Not classifiable as to its carcinogenicity to humans.	
12. Ecologic	al Information		
Ecotoxicity	Ecotoxicity Low acute toxicity to aquatic organisms.		
Toxicity	Not cons	idered toxic to fish.	
Ecological ir	nformation on ingredients.		
2-(2-butoxyethoxy) ethanol			
	Acute aquatic toxicity		
	Acute toxicity - fish	LC₅₀, 96 hours: 1300 mg/l, Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill)	
	Acute toxicity - aquatic invertebrates	EC₅₀, 48 hours: >100 mg/l, Daphnia magna	
	Acute toxicity - aquatic plants	EC₅₀, 96 hours: >100 mg/l, Scenedesmus subspicatus	
		C9-11 ALCOHOL ETHOXYLATE (6.5 EO)	
	Acute aquatic toxicity		

	Acute toxicity - fi	sh	LC₅₀, 96 hours: 1-10 mg/l, Fish
			2-HYDROXY-1,2,3-PROPANETRICARBOXYLICACID
	Acute aquatic to	kicity	
	Acute toxicity - fi	sh	LC₅₀, 48 hours: 440 mg/l, Oncorhynchus mykiss (Rainbow trout)
	Acute toxicity - a invertebrates	quatic	EC₅₀, 24 hours: 1535 mg/l, Daphnia magna
	Acute toxicity - a plants	quatic	NOEC, 8 days: 425 mg/l,
			PROPAN-2-OL
	Acute aquatic to	kicity	
	Acute toxicity - fi	sh	LC₅₀, 96 hours: 9640 mg/l, Pimephales promelas (Fat-head Minnow)
	Acute toxicity - a invertebrates	quatic	LC₅₀, 24 hours: 9714 mg/l, Daphnia magna
	Acute toxicity - a plants	quatic	EC₅₀, 72 hours: >100 mg/l, Scenedesmus subspicatus
	Acute toxicity - microorganisms		EC₅₀, : >100 mg/l, Bacteria
Persistence	and degradability		
Persistence	and degradability	Member	support this assertion are held at the disposal of the competent authorities of the ^r States and will be made available to them at their direct request, or at the request of jent manufacturer.
Bioaccumul	lative potential		
Bio-Accum	ulative Potential	No data	available on bioaccumulation.
Mobility in s	soil		
Mobility		The pro	duct is non-volatile.
Other adve	rse effects		
Other adve	er adverse effects None known.		iown.
13. Disposa	al considerations		
Waste treat	ment methods		
Disposal m	ethods	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local regulations.	
EURAL Coo	de		
14. Transpo	ort information		
UN Numbe	<u>r</u>		
Not applica	ble.		
UN proper :	shipping name		
Not applica	ble.		
Transport h	azard class(es)		

Transport labels

No transport warning sign required.

Packing group

Not applicable.

Environmental hazards

Environmentally Hazardous Substance No.

Special precautions for user

Not applicable.

Transport in bulk according to Not applicable. Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

15. Regulatory information

US Federal Regulations

SARA Section 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances Tier II Threshold Planning Quantities Not listed.

CERCLA/Superfund, Hazardous Substances/Reportable Quantities (EPA) Not listed.

SARA Extremely Hazardous Substances EPCRA Reportable Quantities Not listed.

SARA 313 Emission Reporting

The following ingredients are listed:

2-(2-butoxyethoxy) ethanol

CAA Accidental Release Prevention Not listed.

FDA - Essential Chemical Not listed.

FDA - Precursor Chemical Not listed.

SARA (311/312) Hazard Categories None

OSHA Highly Hazardous Chemicals Not listed.

US State Regulations

California Proposition 65 Carcinogens and Reproductive Toxins Not listed.

California Air Toxics "Hot Spots" (A-I)

The following ingredients are listed:

2-(2-butoxyethoxy) ethanol

PROPAN-2-OL

California Air Toxics "Hot Spots" (A-II) Not listed.

California Directors List of Hazardous Substances The following ingredients are listed: PROPAN-2-OL

Massachusetts "Right To Know" List The following ingredients are listed: *PROPAN-2-OL*

Rhode Island "Right To Know" List The following ingredients are listed:

PROPAN-2-OL

Minnesota "Right To Know" List The following ingredients are listed:

PROPAN-2-OL

New Jersey "Right To Know" List The following ingredients are listed: PROPAN-2-OL

Pennsylvania "Right To Know" List The following ingredients are listed: *PROPAN-2-OL*

Inventories

US - TSCA The following ingredients are listed: 2-(2-butoxyethoxy) ethanol C9-11 ALCOHOL ETHOXYLATE (6.5 EO) 2-HYDROXY-1,2,3-PROPANETRICARBOXYLICACID PROPAN-2-OL

16. Other information

Revision comments	Updated to include US Jurisdiction
Revision date	4/3/2018
Revision	2
Supersedes date	4/28/2015
SDS No.	7866/12300
Hazard statements in full	 H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapor. H302 Harmful if swallowed. H315 Causes skin irritation. H318 Causes serious eye damage. H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.